

2010
THIRD GRADE KAT QUESTIONS

Language Arts

1. What kind of books contain true information?
A: Non-fiction
2. What kind of book would you use to look up definitions of words?
A: Dictionary
3. What page in a book lists the chapter titles and page numbers?
A: Table of Contents
4. What are the five parts of a friendly letter?
A: Heading, greeting, body, closing, and signature
5. Who wrote “Little Match Girl?”
A: Hans Christian Anderson
6. Who is the Norse god of thunder that carried a mighty hammer?
A: Thor
7. In a famous Roman myth, what Roman slave is saved by a lion?
A: Androcles
8. In “Wind in the Willows,” name the machine that Toad fell in love with that got him into trouble many times.
A: A motor car
9. Where did the final battle occur in “Wind in the Willows?”
A: Toad Hall
10. What literary hero shot an apple from his son’s head with an arrow?
A: William Tell
11. In the poem by Virginia Hamilton, how did the slaves escape from the slavers?
A: They could fly.
12. What are the five parts of a correct sentence?
A: It needs to have a subject, verb, capital letter, end mark, and make sense.
13. What is an imperative sentence?
A: A command

14. What is the understood subject pronoun?
A: You
15. What is a sentence that makes a statement?
A: Declarative sentence
16. What is a sentence that asks a question?
A: Interrogative sentence
17. What is a sentence that expresses “**STRONG FEELING?**”
A: Exclamatory sentence
18. What part of speech names a person, place, or thing?
A: Noun
19. What are the eight “be” verbs?
A: Am, is, are, was, were, be, being, been
20. What part of speech asks, “What kind, which one, how many?”
A: Adjective
21. What part of speech asks, “How, when, or where?”
A: Adverb
22. What morphograph means “again?”
A: re
23. What morphograph means “not?”
A: un
24. What morphograph means “without?”
A: less
25. What morphograph means “how something is done?”
A: ly
26. What morphograph means “before?”
A: Pre
27. What morphograph means “in the past?”
A: ed
28. What morphograph means “more or one who?”
A: er

29. What morphograph means “full of?”
A: ful
30. What morphograph means “when you do something?”
A: ing

History and Geography

31. What is a piece of land that extends into a body of water?
A: A peninsula
32. What is a narrow passage of water that connects two larger bodies of water?
A: A strait
33. What country is north of the United States?
A: Canada
34. What is the name of the largest continent?
A: Asia
35. What is the name of the continent we live on?
A: North America
36. Instead of states Canada is divided into what?
A: Provinces
37. This major body of water was the center of the Roman Empire.
A: Mediterranean Sea
38. The city of Rome is located in what country?
A: Italy
39. Legend has it that these twins started the city of Rome.
A: Romulus and Remus
40. Who was assassinated in the Roman Senate?
A: Julius Caesar
41. In Roman times a person who was very wealthy would be called _____.
A: patrician
42. What city was destroyed by an eruption of Mt. Vesuvius, yet has given us many archeological artifacts about the Roman Empire?
A: Pompeii

43. These people, also called Norsemen, were skilled sailors and shipbuilders.
A: The Vikings
44. During the Ice Age, nomadic hunters crossed what bridge from Asia to North America also known as Beringia?
A: The land bridge
45. What was the shortcut to Asia that many explorers were looking for?
A: Northwest Passage
46. Ponce de Leon was looking for the _____
A: Fountain of Youth
47. What explorer was looking for the “Seven Cities of Cibola” or the “Seven Cities of Gold?”
A: Coronado
48. Who was the Hudson River and the Hudson Bay named after?
A: Henry Hudson
49. What is the name of the first contract that the Pilgrims signed to help govern Plymouth Colony?
A: Mayflower Compact
50. Who was the founder of Pennsylvania:
A: William Penn
51. What city of the 13 colonies was the largest in all the colonies and in fact the largest city in the world at that time?
A: Philadelphia
52. What was the first **permanent** English settlement in the 13 colonies?
A: Jamestown
53. Who was a strong leader in the Jamestown settlement that first befriended the Powhatan Indians?
A: John Smith
54. What were the three major cash crops in the early development of the southern colonies?
A: Tobacco, rice, and indigo
55. What is the longest river in the continental United States?
A: The Mississippi

Mathematics

56. The answer in addition is called _____.
A: the sum
57. The value of the 4 in 462 is _____.
A: 400
58. What is the top number in a fraction called?
A: The numerator
59. 72 divided by 8 equals?
A: 9
60. The units in area are always _____.
A: square units
61. There are how many pints in a quart?
A: Two
62. How many feet are in a yard?
A: Three
63. What is the answer in a multiplication problem called?
A: The product
64. The answer in division is called _____.
A: the quotient
65. At what temperature does water freeze?
A: 32 degrees Fahrenheit or 0 degrees Celsius
66. One yard equals how many inches?
A: 36 inches

Science

67. What is the name of the largest planet?
A: Jupiter
68. The study of what is out in space beyond the Earth's atmosphere is called _____.
A: astronomy
69. The sun, producers, consumers, and decomposers make up a _____.
A: food chain

70. What is the framework of the body?
A: The skeleton
71. What is the control center of the body?
A: The brain
72. Breathing and your heartbeat are regulated by this part of the brain.
A: The medulla
73. What is the part of the eye where the images are formed called?
A: The retina
74. The nerve that carries sound to the brain is called the _____.
A: auditory nerve
75. Which travels faster – light or sound?
A: Light
76. This person invented the first telephone.
A: Alexander Graham Bell
77. Animals are classified according to their spinal structure in two categories. What are these categories?
A: Vertebrates and invertebrates
78. What is the name of our galaxy?
A: Milky Way
79. What bone protects the brain?
A: Cranium
80. What muscles move automatically?
A: Involuntary

Art

81. What term describes a picture that has height and width, but no depth?
A: Two-dimensional
82. What term describes a picture that has height, width, and depth?
A: Three-dimensional
83. What is a three-dimensional square called?
A: A cube

84. What is a three-dimensional triangle called?
A: A pyramid
85. What is a three-dimensional circle called?
A: A sphere
86. What is the term that describes the repetition of any element-line, shape, or color?
A: A pattern
87. What is the term that describes the way the elements of art are arranged to create a feeling of stability in a work?
A: Balance
88. What is the term that describes when a picture has one side that duplicates or mirrors the other side?
A: Symmetry
89. Where would you find the foreground in a picture?
A: At the bottom.
90. Name the type of doll created by the Hopi and Zuni American Indians?
A: Kachina doll

Music

91. Who is known as “The March King?”
A: John Philip Sousa
92. What American composer wrote “Fanfare for the Common Man, Hoedown,” from “Rodeo, and Appalachia Spring?”
A: Aaron Copland
93. Who wrote “The William Tell Overture?”
A: Rossini
94. Trombones belong to what family of instruments?
A: Brass
95. Oboes belong to what family of instruments?
A: Woodwind
96. How many eighth notes equal one quarter note?
A: Two
97. How should you sing music marked fortissimo (ff)?
A: Very loudly

98. Name the four families of instruments.
A: Strings, woodwinds, brass, and percussion
99. What folk song is in “Appalachian Spring?”
A: “Simple Gifts”
100. What does “harmony” mean?
A: Singing two or more parts at the same time.